

QM IIA spring 2020, week 4

Reading assignment for Tuesday Jan 28th: basics of scattering theory

- Mathematical methods: contour integration and residue theorem. If you are not already familiar with the basics, study from e.g. [Riley, Hobson, Bence, Mathematical methods for physics and engineering, chapter 24, especially 24.12] or [Boas, Mathematical methods in the physical sciences Chapter 14] or lecture notes of Tuominen or Eskola
- The scattering problem as a time independent Schrödinger equation
- The Lippmann-Schwinger equation
- The Born approximation
- Read from
 - Heikkilä Chapter II
 - Tuominen: Secs 4.1-4.5
 - Sakurai (old edition): Secs 7.1, 7.2 (see also 7.5)
 - Sakurai and Napolitano Secs 6.1-6.3
 - Bransden Secs 13.1-13.2 and 13.5-13.6
 - Eskola, p. 29-73

Preliminary exercises Do these before the class of Tuesday Jan 28th and be prepared to present your solutions in class.

1. Calculate the integral

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \frac{e^{ikx}}{x^2 + a^2}, \quad k > 0, a > 0 \quad (1)$$

using the residue theorem.

2. Show that the solution to the integral equation [named after whom?]

$$\psi(\mathbf{r}) = Ce^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{r}} - \frac{1}{4\pi} \int d^3\mathbf{r}' \frac{e^{ik|\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}'|}}{|\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}'|} U(\mathbf{r}')\psi(\mathbf{r}') \quad (2)$$

satisfies the Schrödinger equation

$$[\nabla^2 - U(\vec{r}) + k^2] \psi(\vec{r}) = 0 \quad (3)$$

with the boundary condition $\psi(\vec{r}) = Ce^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{r}}$ for $r \rightarrow \infty$. You can *use* the known fact that the function

$$-\frac{1}{4\pi} \frac{e^{ik|\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}'|}}{|\mathbf{r}-\mathbf{r}'|} \quad (4)$$

satisfies a certain differential equation, which one? We will derive Eq. (4) from this equation in the homework exercises. Does the normalization C matter? Why is there no $\hbar^2/(2m)$ in the kinetic term in Eq. (3)?

3. From Eq. (2) derive the *Born approximation* for the *scattering amplitude*. How does one define the *cross section*? How do you get it from the scattering amplitude? What is the energy of the outgoing particle?