

FYSA242, kevät 2016, koepaperiin tulee mukaan seuraava kaavakokoelma
FYSA242, spring 2016, the exam question sheet will include the following
collection of formulas

$$\begin{aligned}
 k_B &= 1.3805 \times 10^{-23} \text{J/K} \quad R = k_B N_A = 8.3143 \text{J/molK} \quad N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23} / \text{mol} \\
 k_B \cdot 300 \text{K} &\approx \frac{1}{40} \text{eV} \quad 0^\circ \text{C} = 273.15 \text{K} \quad 1 \text{atm} = 101.3 \text{kPa} \quad g = 9.82 \text{m/s}^2 \quad c = 3.00 \cdot 10^8 \text{m/s} \\
 \hbar &= 1.05 \cdot 10^{-34} \text{Js} = 6.58 \cdot 10^{-16} \text{eVs} \quad m_e c^2 = 511 \text{keV} \quad 1 \text{u} = 1.66 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{kg} \\
 dE &= dQ + dW \stackrel{\text{rev.}}{=} T dS - P dV \quad dE = T dS - P dV + \mu dN \\
 F &= E - TS \quad G = E - TS + PV \quad H = E + PV \quad \Omega_G = E - TS - \mu N = -PV \\
 S &= k_B \ln \Omega \quad \ln n! \approx n \ln n - n \quad \binom{N}{n} \equiv \frac{N!}{n!(N-n)!} \\
 F &= -k_B T \ln Z \quad E = -\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \ln Z \\
 C_V &\equiv T \left(\frac{dS}{dT} \right)_{V,N} = \left(\frac{dE}{dT} \right)_{V,N} \quad C_P \equiv T \left(\frac{dS}{dT} \right)_{P,N} \quad \kappa_T \equiv -\frac{1}{V} \left(\frac{dV}{dP} \right)_{T,N} \quad \kappa_S \equiv -\frac{1}{V} \left(\frac{dV}{dP} \right)_{S,N} \\
 \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y} \right)_z &= \left[\left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \right)_z \right]^{-1} \quad \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y} \right)_z = \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial w} \right)_z \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right)_z \quad \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y} \right)_z \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial z} \right)_x \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \right)_y = -1 \\
 S &= -k_B \sum_\nu p_\nu \ln p_\nu \quad p_\nu = \frac{1}{Z} e^{-\beta E_\nu} \quad Z = \sum_\nu e^{-\beta E_\nu} \quad \beta \equiv 1/(k_B T) \\
 p_\nu &= \frac{1}{Z} e^{-\beta(E_\nu - \mu N_\nu)} \quad \mathcal{Z} = \sum_\nu e^{-\beta(E_\nu - \mu N_\nu)} \quad \Omega_G(T, V, \mu) = -k_B T \ln \mathcal{Z} \\
 \lambda_D &= \sqrt{\frac{2\pi\hbar^2}{mk_B T}} \quad Z_1(T, V) = V \left(\frac{mk_B T}{2\pi\hbar^2} \right)^{3/2} \quad Z_N = \frac{1}{N!} [Z_1(T, V)]^N, \\
 PV &= Nk_B T = nRT \quad E = \frac{3}{2} Nk_B T \quad \left(\frac{dP}{dT} \right)_{\text{cx}} = \frac{\Delta S}{\Delta V} = \frac{L_{1 \rightarrow 2}(T)}{T \Delta V} \\
 n_{FD}(\varepsilon) &= \frac{1}{e^{\beta(\varepsilon_{\mathbf{k}} - \mu)} + 1} \quad n_{BE}(\varepsilon) = \frac{1}{e^{\beta(\varepsilon_{\mathbf{k}} - \mu)} - 1} \quad \int_0^\infty \frac{x^n dx}{e^x - 1} = n! \zeta(n+1) \\
 \Omega_G^{FD} &= -k_B T \sum_r \ln [1 + e^{-\beta(\varepsilon_r - \mu)}] \quad \Omega_G^{BE} = +k_B T \sum_r \ln [1 - e^{-\beta(\varepsilon_r - \mu)}] \\
 f(k)dk &= \frac{gV}{2\pi^2} k^2 dk \quad \varepsilon(k) = \frac{\hbar^2 k^2}{2m} \quad \varepsilon(k) = \hbar ck \\
 \zeta(s) &= \sum_{n=1}^\infty \frac{1}{n^s} \quad \zeta(3/2) \approx 2.61 \quad \zeta(2) = \frac{\pi^2}{6} \approx 1.64 \quad \zeta(5/2) \approx 1.34 \\
 \zeta(3) &\approx 1.20 \quad \zeta(7/2) \approx 1.13 \quad \zeta(4) = \frac{\pi^4}{90} \approx 1.08 \\
 \int_0^\infty d\varepsilon \frac{f(\varepsilon)}{e^{\beta(\varepsilon - \mu)} + 1} &\approx \int_0^\mu d\varepsilon f(\varepsilon) + \frac{\pi^2}{6} (k_B T)^2 \left. \frac{df(\varepsilon)}{d\varepsilon} \right|_\mu + \mathcal{O}(T^4) \\
 \sinh x &\equiv \frac{1}{2} (e^x - e^{-x}) \quad \cosh x \equiv \frac{1}{2} (e^x + e^{-x}) \quad \tanh x \equiv \frac{\sinh x}{\cosh x} \\
 \sum_{n=0}^\infty x^n &= \frac{1}{1-x}, |x| < 1 \quad \sum_{n=1}^\infty \frac{1}{n} x^n = -\ln(1-x), |x| < 1 \\
 e^x &= \sum_{n=0}^\infty \frac{x^n}{n!} \quad (a+b)^N = \sum_{n=0}^N \binom{N}{n} a^n b^{N-n}
 \end{aligned}$$