

Stochastic Processes 2

Exercises 2

Tuesday, 6th April, 2010

MaD 355, 10-12

For questions 1-4:

Let $M_n := \varepsilon_1 + \dots + \varepsilon_n$ and $M_0 := 0$, where $\varepsilon_1, \varepsilon_2, \dots : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ are iid with $\mathbb{P}(\varepsilon_k = \pm 1) = 1/2$. Let

$$\tau(\omega) := \inf\{n \geq 0 : M_n(\omega) = -10\}.$$

1. Prove that $\mathbb{P}(\tau < \infty) = 1$.

Hint: A proposition from Section 2.3 ...

2. Is there a constant $c > 0$ such that $\tau(\omega) \leq c$ a.s.?

Hint: Assume YES, compute M_τ , and apply the OPTIONAL STOPPING THEOREM.

3. Is $\{\omega \in \Omega : \inf_n M_n(\omega) \leq -10\} \in \mathcal{F}_\tau$?
4. Is $\{\omega \in \Omega : \sup_n M_n(\omega) \geq 2\} \in \mathcal{F}_\tau$?

For questions 5-7:

Assume i.i.d. random variables $\varepsilon_1, \varepsilon_2, \dots : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ such that $\mathbb{P}(\varepsilon_k = 1) = \mathbb{P}(\varepsilon_k = -1) = 1/2$ and define $M_0 := a$ and $M_n := a + \sum_{k=1}^n \varepsilon_k$. Assume that $-\infty < b < a < c < \infty$, where a, b, c are integers. Let

$$\tau(\omega) := \inf\{n \geq 0 : M_n \in \{b, c\}\}$$

with $\inf \emptyset := \infty$.

5. Using statements from the course prove that $\mathbb{P}(\tau < \infty) = 1$.
6. Using statements from the course prove that

$$\mathbb{E}M_{\tau \wedge N} = a$$

where $N \geq 1$ is a fixed integer.

7. Deduce that $\mathbb{E}M_\tau = a$ and compute the probability that the process M hits first b .