

# Martingale theory

Wednesday, 21st September, 2011  
8.30 - 10.00 MaD 380

- (1) Show that the conditional expectation is linear (Property (3)).
- (2) Show that the conditional expectation becomes unconditional when the random variable is independent of the  $\sigma$ -algebra (Property (7)).
- (3) Let  $\varepsilon_1, \varepsilon_2, \varepsilon_3 : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be independent random variables such that  $\mathbb{P}(\varepsilon_n = 1) = \mathbb{P}(\varepsilon_n = -1) = 1/2$ . Define  $f := \varepsilon_1(\varepsilon_2 + \varepsilon_3)(\varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_3)$  and  $\mathcal{G} := \sigma(\varepsilon_1, \varepsilon_2)$ . Compute

$$\mathbb{E}(f|\mathcal{G}) : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}.$$

- (4) Let  $\Omega := [0, 1]$ ,  $\mathcal{F} := \mathcal{B}([0, 1])$  and let  $\lambda$  be the Lebesgue measure on  $[0, 1]$ . Define  $f(x) := x^2$  and

$$\mathcal{G} := \sigma\left(\left[0, \frac{1}{2}\right], A \subseteq \left(\frac{1}{2}, 1\right], A \in \mathcal{F}\right).$$

Compute

$$\mathbb{E}(f|\mathcal{G}) : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}.$$

- (5) For  $f \in L_2(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{P})$  prove that

$$(\mathbb{E}(|f||\mathcal{G}))^2 \leq \mathbb{E}(|f|^2|\mathcal{G}) \text{ a.s.}$$

**Hint:** Use the proven properties of the conditional expectation to show that

$$\mathbb{E}(|f|^2|\mathcal{G}) = \mathbb{E}([|f| - \mathbb{E}(|f||\mathcal{G})]^2|\mathcal{G}) + [\mathbb{E}(|f||\mathcal{G})]^2.$$

- (6) Show the monotone convergence property for the conditional expectation (Property (8)).